

# Crawford County Opioids Fact Sheet

Spring 2019

## **5 FATAL**opioid overdoses in 2018







#### The **Enhanced State Opioid Overdose Surveillance**

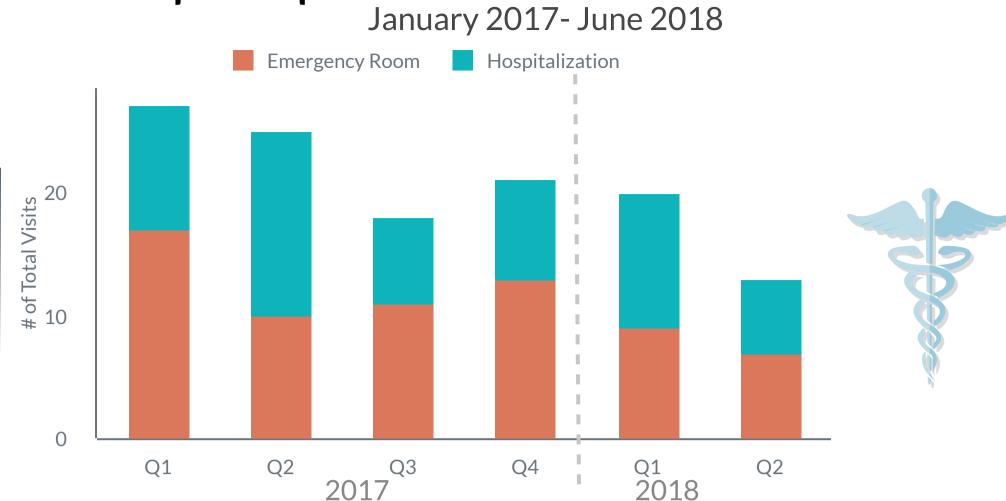
(ESOOS) grant was awarded to the Missouri Department of Health and Senior Services (MODHSS) to accomplish key goals:

--enhance the comprehensiveness and timeliness of both fatal and nonfatal opioid overdoses and;

--disseminate surveillance findings to stakeholders.

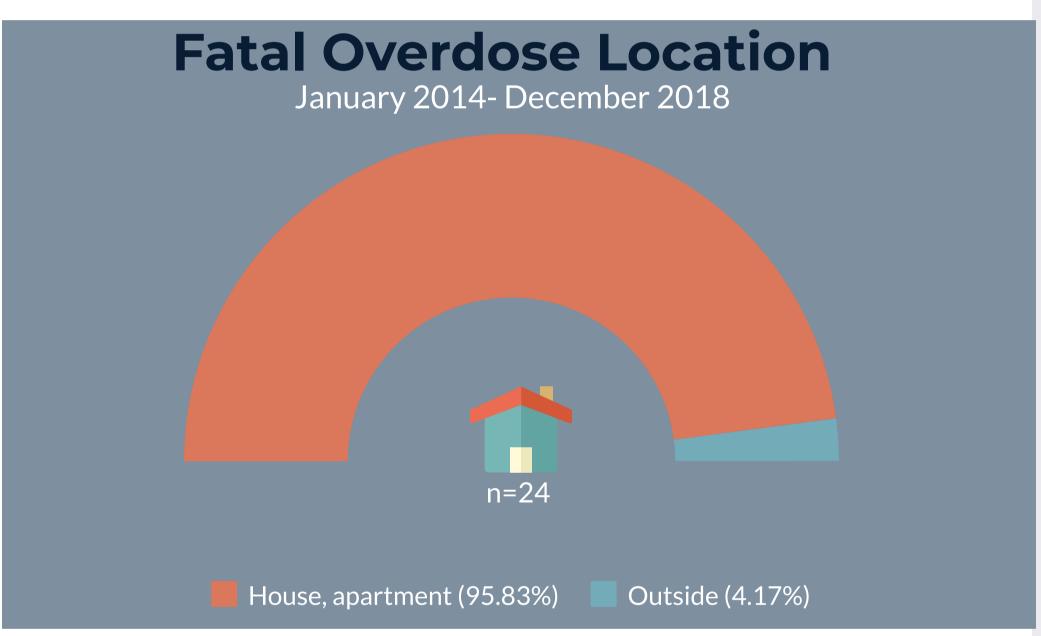


#### Nonfatal Opioid Overdose Health Care Utilization



Above: More than 6 in 10 of resident nonfatal opioid overdose discharges treated in the hospital or ER involved non-heroin opioids (65%). In Crawford County, most of the people discharged from the ER with nonfatal overdoses were male (61%) and almost half (49%) were between the ages of 25-34.

Below: When fatal overdoses occur in Crawford County, they most often occur in a house or apartment (92%).



### Fatal Opioid Overdose Characteristics and Risk Factors

January 2014- December 2018

In Crawford County, the majority of those who fatally overdose are White. Nearly 1 in 3 victims were between the ages of 25 and 34. Females are slightly more likely than males to experience a fatal overdose, which is the opposite of what is seen in many Missouri counties and a different trend than what is seen in nonfatal overdoses in Crawford County.

This data sheet provides the most timely data available for each topic, meaning data is subject to change and time periods for different variables may not align. This data uses ESOOS specific definitions for opioid overdose, which may result in frequencies that do not match other data sources.

Please contact the Missouri Department of Health and Senior Services, Bureau of Health Care Analysis and Data Dissemination at 573-751-6285 for more information or to request a fact sheet for your community.

